

Class: IX
Subject: Social Science (087) – Political Science
Chapter: 3 Electoral Politics
Assignment Questions

1. Which commission ensures free and fair elections?
2. What was the name of the movement which was led by the leader Mr. Devi Lal from Haryana?
3. What does 'EPIC' stand for? What is its significance?
4. How many voters took part in campaign-related activities during the 2004 elections?
5. After how many years, the Lok Sabha and Vidhan Sabha elections are held regularly in India?
6. Define: Election, General election, By-election, Electoral constituency, MLA, Voter's list, Polling Booth
7. What is the minimum age to contest an election?
8. What do you mean by Universal Adult Franchise?
9. Who are voters?
10. Name the political party that ruled over Haryana between 1982 to 1987.
11. What is EVM?
12. Which slogan was given by Janata Party in the Lok Sabha election held in 1977?
13. Name the leader who used the slogan 'Protect the Self-Respect of the Telugus' in Andhra Pradesh Assembly elections in 1983.
14. Who is the head of election commission?
15. What do you understand by election manifesto?
16. What are the two methods of voting?
17. What is the term of office of the Chief Election Commissioner?
18. What is called a ticket in politics?
19. What is meant by rigging?
20. How are constituencies divided at the local level?
21. Into how many constituencies is the country divided for Lok Sabha elections?
22. How many seats are reserved for SCs and STs in the Lok Sabha? How many seats are reserved for women in local bodies?
23. What is the time period of campaigning for elections?
24. Who can be denied the right to vote?
25. What is the full form of NOTA?
26. When is National Voters' Day celebrated in India?
27. What are the main functions of the Election Commission of India?
28. What details are required from the candidates who wish to contest elections?
29. What are the two merits & demerits of electoral competition?
30. What are the choices generally a voter can make in an election?
31. What are the minimum conditions of a democratic election?
32. "Election campaigns are needed to regulate". Why?
33. What is the 'Model code of Conduct' for election campaign?
34. Why is there a provision of reservation of seats in the legislatures?
35. How can you say that elections are expensive in our country?
36. What are some of the activities undertaken by political parties to carry out elections? Mention any three activities.
37. Write a short note on election campaigns.
38. How does the polling take place?
39. In which way does the Election Commission enjoy the same kind of independence as the judiciary?

40. How can you say that the outcome of elections is a final test of free and fair elections? Explain.
41. Mention a few successful slogans that were used during election campaigns.
42. What is meant by 'seat' in elections? Explain with example.
43. Explain any three conditions which make the election process more democratic.
44. Describe the procedure to nominate the candidate for election in India.
45. What details are mentioned in the legal declaration made by candidates? Why is this information made public?